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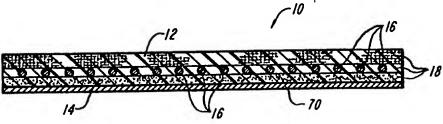
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(54) Title: ELASTIC BANDAGE

### (57) Abstract

A laminated tape/bandage comprising a layer (10)of transversely-spaced, longitudinally-extending elastic strands (16) between a pair of outer layers (12, 14), at least one of which is a warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric (12) oriented with the knit yarns extending longitudinally and generally parallel to the orientation of the elastic strands.



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#### ELASTIC BANDAGE

This invention relates to elastic tapes and bandages and, more particularly, to disposable tapes and bandages that include a longitudinally-elastic layer laminated to an outer layer.

### BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

There are in the prior art a number of disposable elastic tapes and bandages, including those sold by Conco Medical Products Co. of Rock Hill, South Carolina under the trademark "Medi-Rip", those sold by Sherwood Medical Co. of St. Louis, Missouri under the trademark "SHER-Light", and those sold by Andover Coated Products, Inc. of Salisbury, Massachusetts, the assignee of the present invention, under the its registered trademark "CO-FLEX". Such bandages or tapes are typically used in sports medicine and first-aid, and also by veterinarians. The longitudinal strength of the bandage or tape is important, but it also should be relatively easy to tear to length by hand with the hand tear ability extending cleanly across the width. These latter two characteristics, particularly when coupled with the desire for a smooth neat appearance, are difficult simultaneously to obtain.

Some such bandages and tapes, such as those sold under the Co-Flex brand, and those shown in now-expired U.S. Patent No. 3,575,782 are a laminated structure including two outer nonwoven layers with longitudinally-extending elastic yarns sandwiched between. When the outer layers are made of light (e.g., 0.3 oz. per square yard) nonwoven nylon or

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polyester, such laminated bandages provide a fair appearance, but they are quite weak (longitudinal strength only about 8 pounds per inch), do not tear cleanly, and typically cannot be combined with a pressure sensitive adhesive without delaminating. Although the strength of these structures can be increased by using heavier nonwoven or film materials, this adversely affects the feel, appearance and tear characteristics of the bandage. Thus, although relatively inexpensive, these laminated structures do not provide many of the characteristics needed in a relatively strong disposable elastic tape/bandage that demonstrates good hand tear.

To provide better feel, appearance, hand tear characteristics and strength, the art has turned to products, such as the "Medi-Rip" and "SHER-Light" brand bandages, that include a woven fabric in which elastic yarns are actually woven or knitted into the fabric, usually in the long or warp direction. However, if, as in the case of the "SHER-Light" bandage, such products are made using a woven fabric that is heavy enough to produce a bandage that has a longitudinal strength of more than about 10 pounds per inch, the increased weight of the woven fabric not only increases the cost, it makes the entire bandage heavier and less comfortable and also adversely affects the hand tear characteristics.

There remains a need for an inexpensive, elastic, hand tear tape or bandage that can be made either cohesive or adhesive, has a good appearance, is soft and comfortable to wear, hand tears cleanly, and that, despite its light weight and low cost, has a longitudinal strength that, on an equal weight basis, is greater than that of either woven or nonwoven tear tapes now available.

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#### SUMMARY OF INVENTION

The present invention features a laminated tape/bandage comprising a layer that is elastic in the longitudinallyextending direction laminated to one side of a warp-knitted, sometimes referred to as warp-knitted (weft insertion), fabric oriented with the knit yarns extending longitudinally. In preferred embodiments in which the elastic layer is longitudinally-extending elastic strands laminated between a pair of outer layers, at least one of which is warp-knitted (weft insertion), the warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric has a weight of less than about 50 grams per square meter (about 1.5 oz. per square yard) and most preferably less than about 25 to 30 grams per square meter (about 0.7 to 0.9 oz. per square yard), and the other outer layer is a lightweight spun-blown synthetic nonwoven. The complete tape/bandage has a good appearance, hand-tears cleanly transversely of the tape, has a longitudinal strength that on a weight basis is greater than that of commercially available hand-tearable woven bandage products, and is considerably less expensive than its woven or knitted competitors where the elastic yarns are woven or knitted into the fabric, as an integral part of the woven or knitted cloth.

#### DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is top view, partially broken away, of a tape or bandage embodying the present invention.

Figure 2 is a cross-sectional view, taken at line 2-2 of Figure 1.

Figures 3 and 4 are a microscopic photographs of a warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric used as one of the layers of the tape/bandage of Figure 1.

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#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figures 1 and 2 illustrate a laminated tape or bandage, generally designed 10, comprising a top layer 12 of warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric, a bottom layer 14 of spun bond nylon nonwoven, and a middle layer of longitudinally-extending, transversely spaced (about 12 per inch) elastic strands 16. The three-layer structure is laminated together with a binder 18 that impregnates all three layers.

The preferred warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric is obtained from Welbek UK Ltd. of Nottingham, England, and is designated Welbek Technical Textiles Ref. No. P010. The fabric has a weight of about 25 grams per square meter (about 0.7 oz. per square yard), a thickness of about 0.13 millimeters, and a warp/weft thread count of 18 x 16. The knitted warp yarns are 45 denier polyester; the 150 denier fill or weft yarns are loose, non-twisted, texturized polyester filaments. Similar warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabrics are available elsewhere, e.g., warp-knitted (weft insertion) greige fabric available from Milliken & Company of Spartenburg, South Carolina.

The elastic strands 16 of the preferred embodiment are 280 denier, and are sold under the trademark Glospan by Globe Mfg. Co. of Fall River, Massachusetts. Depending on the amount of elasticity desired in the finished tape/bandage 10, both the denier and number of elastic strands per inch (measured transversely) of the tape/bandage may vary. For example, the denier of the elastic strands may vary from less than 100 to about 1000, and there may be from about 5 to about 15 elastic strands per inch. Typically,

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the tape/bandage 10 is formed by laminating the warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric 12, when fully-extended or taut, over stretched elastic strands 16.

The spun bond nonwoven forming the other outer layer 14 of the tape/bandage 10 is quite light typically about 10 grams per square meter (about 0.3 oz. per square yard) and no more than about 17 grams per square meter (about 0.5 oz. per square yard), and is easily obtained commercially. Polyester, cellulosic, polypropylene, etc. may be used in lieu of nylon in a spun bond nonwoven, and a light woven cotton scrim may be used also.

The particular binder 18 used to laminate the three layers together to form the finished product depends, principally, on whether and what kind of adhesive properties are desired. When, as in many applications, a cohesive (i.e., will stick only to itself) product is desired, a natural rubber base binder is employed. A 50:50 acrylic:SBR blend is employed to produce either a nonadhesive product or a product that is to be coated on one side with a pressure-sensitive adhesive. In any event, the binder 18 impregnates all three layers. A dye may be incorporated in the binder to provide any desired final color to the product, at a fraction of the cost required to dye the yarns or fabrics themselves as is necessary in prior art constructions.

The laminated tape/bandage 10 of the preferred embodiment has a strength, in the longitudinal/warp direction, of about 20 pounds per inch of width; yet it is light, comfortable to wear, can easily be torn transversely by hand, and when so torn tears cleanly substantially perpendicularly across the width of the tape/bandage. As compared to the commercially available bandages made by

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weaving or knitting elastic yarns into a woven fabric, the laminated warp-knitted (weft insertion) bandage of the present invention provides, at a cost of production that is about half that of comparable woven tape/bandages, a hand and appearance that is at least equal and often superior, equal or superior tear characteristics, and greater longitudinal strength on both a weight and cost basis. Compared to prior art laminated products, the hand, appearance, tear characteristics, and longitudinal strength of the tape/bandage of the present invention are all superior.

The microphotographs of Figures 3 and 4 show the warpknitted (weft insertion) fabric of top layer 12 in greater detail. Figure 3 is taken at 11.5x magnification; Figure 4 is taken at 30x magnification. Both Figures include a 1 mm reference scale. In both Figures, the fabric is oriented so that the polyester knitted warp yarns, designated 50, extend generally from left to right, and the loose, non-twisted fill or weft yarns, designated 60, extend vertically. Because the fabric is warp knit-weft insertion rather than conventionally woven, the knitted warp yarns 50 form rather loose warp yarn "loops" around the fill yarns 60, and the knitted warp structure also provides that each row of the knitted warp includes three yarns 50 extending in the warp direction. This three-yarn warp-knitted (weft insertion) construction results in the lightweight and high tensile strength (about 21.8 lbs/inch) in the warp direction.

When the warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric of layer 12 is fully extended in the warp direction, as shown in Figures 3 and 4, the space (almost 1 mm) between adjacent fill or weft yarns 60 is almost as great as the overall

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diameter (about 1 mm) of the fill yarns. This spacing, coupled with the loose, non-twisted, filamentary structure of the fill yarns themselves, permits the fill yarns to move towards and away from each other in response to stretch and relaxation of the longitudinal elastic strands 16, which is of course accompanied by elongation and relaxation of the warp yarns.

As shown in Figure 2, a layer of pressure-sensitive adhesive 70 may be coated on the outside of nonwoven layer 16. For applications in which even greater strength is desired, a second layer of warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric or scrim may be used in place of nonwoven layer 16.

Other embodiments will be within the scope of the following claims.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A laminated elastic tape/bandage comprising:
- a first layer of warp-knitted (weft insertion) fabric oriented with the knit yarns extending longitudinally of the tape/bandage;
- a second layer which is elastic in a direction extending longitudinally of the tape/bandage; and, a binder.
- 2. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 1 wherein said second layer comprises individual elastic strands spaced transversely of the tape/bandage relative to each other and extending longitudinally of the tape/bandage.
- 3. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 1 including a third layer, said second layer being laminated between said first and third layers.
- 4. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 3 wherein said third layer is a synthetic spun bonded nonwoven.
- 5. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 3 wherein said third layer has a weight of no more than about 0.5 oz. per square yard.
- 6. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 1 wherein said warp-knitted (weft insertion) layer comprises polyester warp yarns knitted such that each row of the warp includes three warp yarns.

- 7. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 6 wherein said weft inserted or fill yarns of said warp-knitted (weft insertion) layer comprise texturized filament yarns.
- 8. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 1 wherein said warp- knitted (weft insertion) layer has a weight of not more than about 1.5 ounces per square yard.
- 9. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 8 wherein said weight is not more than about 0.9 ounces per square yard.
- 10. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 3 wherein said third layer is a spun bond nonwoven having a weight of not more than about 0.5 oz. per square yard.
- 11. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 3 wherein said nonwoven is selected from the group consisting of nylon, polyester and polypropylene and has a weight of not more than about 0.3 oz. per square yard.
- 12. The laminated tape bandage of claim 2 wherein said elastic strands have a denier less than about 1000.
- 13. The laminated tape bandage of claim 2 wherein said elastic strands are spaced at a density in the range of 5 to 15 per inch measured transversely of the bandage.
- 14. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 13 wherein said density is about 12 per inch.

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- 15. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 3 wherein said binder impregnates said first, second, and third layers.
- 16. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 1 wherein a layer of pressure-sensitive adhesive is coated on the outer-side of one of said layers.
- 17. The laminated tape/bandage of claim 3 wherein a layer of pressure-sensitive adhesive is coated on the outer side of one of said first or third layers.

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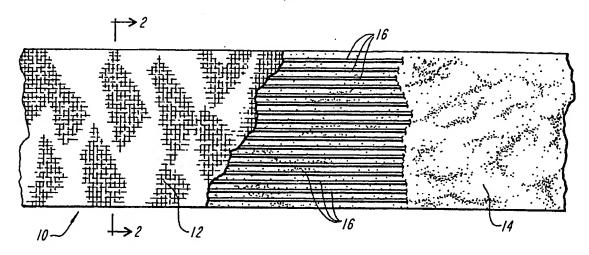


FIG. 1

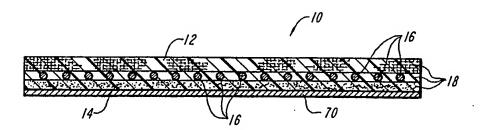


FIG. 2

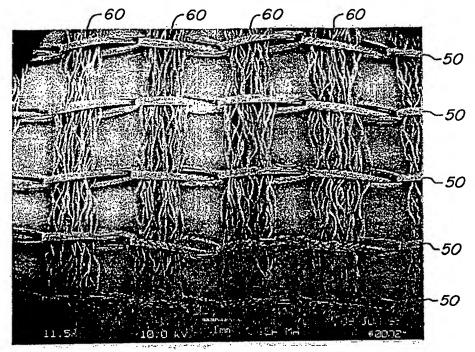


FIG. 3

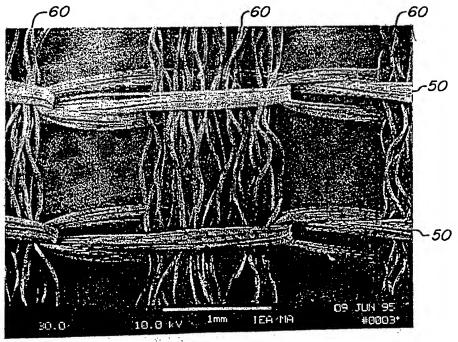


FIG. 4

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

nal Application No PCT/US 96/07702

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 D04H13/00 B32B5/26 B32B7/02 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 D04H B32B Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. 1,3,6,15 Υ DATABASE WPI Week 9009 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; AN 90-062345 XP002012922 & JP,A,02 014 079 (TO DU PONT KK) see abstract 1-3.6 Y US,A,3 575 782 (PAUL E. HANSEN) 20 April 1971 cited in the application see column 3, line 26-52; claims 1,6; figure 2 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. ΧI Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu- document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of mailing of the international search report Date of the actual completion of the international search 2 0. 09. 96 17 September 1996 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax (+31-70) 340-3016 Derz, T

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inter. nal Application No
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		PCT/US 96/07702		
C.(Continua	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
Y	GB,A,2 256 785 (MARKS AND SPENCER PLC) 23 December 1992 see page 5, paragraph 4 - page 6, paragraph 1; claims 1,3-5,10 see page 9, paragraph 2 - page 10, paragraph 2	1,2,15		
A	US,A,5 153 049 (GROSHENS) 4 August 1992 see column 3, line 28-33 - column 4, line 33-46; claim 1	1,6-8		
A	DE,A,34 10 169 (KARL OTTO BRAUN) 26 September 1985 see page 10, line 15 - page 12, line 10; claim 1; figures 1,3,4	15		
A	US,A,4 679 519 (LINVILLE) 14 July 1987 see column 4, line 50 - column 5, line 26; claims 1,6-8,10,11; figure 1			
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### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

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